

IQ SENSOR NET

SENSOR NET

The modular multi-parameter measuring system

- Universal online measuring system
- For any parameter
- Upgradable, analog and digital connections



NEW

**System 184 XT
now for 12 sensors**

New components:

- Redundant controller in terminal
- Modbus connection
- FDT/DTM for PROFIBUS DP
- Power supply: More power for larger systems
- Output module with 6 analog outputs
- Universal Input module 0/4 - 20 mA

New sensors:

- Ammonium
- Nitrate
- Carbon

The IQ Net is a modular system for precise online measurements:

- pH, ORP, oxygen, temperature, turbidity/TSS, ammonium, nitrate, COD and more
- Single parameter units and multiparameter systems
- Analog outputs and relays, digital interfaces (RS 232, RS 485, PROFIBUS DP, Modbus RTU)

With special security features for fail-safe operation, such as:

- Integrated lightning protection (coarse and fine protection)
- Programmable status in case of error
- Automatic power fail restart
- Optional redundant controller for 100% availability
- Software for storing, saving and documenting system configuration

Simple installation using:

- 2-wire-connection technology
- Plug & play connection of any IQ sensor
- Simple system expansion by easily adding modules or sensors
- Install components where needed (e.g. analog signals directly in control room)



* 1 year for sensors



Turbidity and Suspended Solids

Turbidity

- Effluent measurement of sewage treatment plants
- Total suspended solids in sludge
- Monitoring / controlling of sludge cycle
- Drinking water

Smell, taste and turbidity are the most important indicators for the quality of potable water.

At the effluent of a waste water treatment plant, turbidity is a quantitative measure of remaining undissolved solids, indicating malfunctions within the treatment process. Turbidity can be measured relatively simple on-line with optical methods. Therefore, turbidity is extremely suitable for measuring the cleaning efficiency of wastewater treatment plants.

Turbidity is typically determined using 90 degree scattered light principle in compliance with EN ISO 7027.

Measuring principle

By the passing of optical radiation through a dispersing system, dispersed solids reduce radiation power by transforming it into another form of energy. This effect is called absorption. The ratio of penetrating to emitting radiation is measured as turbidity.

Factory calibration

The online-sensors from WTW are precisely factory calibrated with a "multi-point" calibration. The calibration is very stable – so further calibration is not needed. Formazine is used as a calibration standard – it is diluted to the necessary concentrations.

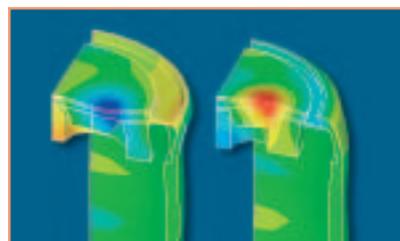
Cleaning system

A number of parameters can have a large impact on the measured value and are automatically compensated for. An effective compensation takes into account the influence of a secondary light source, the coloration of particles and the medium. The fouling of the optical path requires an effective cleaning system realised by WTW using a unique Ultrasonic System.

This ultrasonic module, integrated in the VisoTurb® 700 IQ and in the ViSolid® 700 IQ, causes a permanent oscillation on the optical windows avoiding biological fouling.



Optical unit with ultrasonic cleaning system



Maximum amplitude at the optical windows

Measurement of Turbidity and Suspended Solids

Pictures show the same sensor with ultrasonic cleaning system switched-off and switched-on in a typical waste water application. The sensor with switched-off cleaning system (left picture) is completely covered with a biological layer. The sensor with working ultrasonic cleaning system (right) shows no adverse effect.

After 16 Days



Sensor without ultrasound cleaning system
After 16 Days



Sensor with ultrasound cleaning system
After 16 Days

Suspended Solids

A continuous gravimetric analysis is not possible in waste water treatment process – therefore indirect methods like turbidity measurement are used. The concentration of suspended solids is a very important process parameter for today's sludge treatment. Within a range of 0.1 up to approx. 300 g/l, total suspended solids can be determined online using scattered light or light absorbance. Under normal conditions there is a good correlation to gravimetric analysis.

For the most important sludge characteristics, WTW has defined so called matrix types – with this stored data, even without customer specific calibration a good correlation to total suspended solids concentrations can be achieved.

However, sludges can be totally different – concerning coloration, particle size and structure. Therefore of course a “multi-point” user calibration is possible. This can be done also with the mandatory required gravimetric determination of total suspended solids.

Application on waste water treatment plants

In order to get a sufficient degree of nitrification, a certain sludge age should not be exceeded. This is significantly influenced by the flow of the surplus sludge and the concentration of TSS in the biological tank measured by the suspended solids sensor. Also the denitrification (N-elimination) and partially the biological P-elimination can be improved by a higher amount of TSS.





Turbidity and Suspended Solids

General Features of Sensors

On-line Turbidity and Suspended Solids Measurement

using revolutionary technology



- New ultrasound cleaning system
- Measurement according to EN ISO 7027
- Factory Calibrated
- Long-term stability
- SensorCheck function
- Low Maintenance

Continuous turbidity and suspended solids measurement are of great importance in analytic measurement in modern wastewater treatment plants. Optical infrared scattered light sensors are commonly used for online measurement of this parameter on-site, particularly in the areas of biological wastewater treatment and sludge recycling and in the final effluent of treatment plants.



A clean sensor – prerequisite for reliable measurements

In optical systems, contamination falsifies readings of turbidity or suspended solids by an indeterminate amount. Once contamination of the optical system has begun, further build-up of particles progresses at an accelerated rate. Especially under the extreme conditions that prevail in wastewater treatment plants, the accumulation of microorganisms represents a genuine problem for the otherwise reliable optical measurement method. Therefore, additional manual cleaning is usually indispensable – despite conventional methods of compensation or cleaning using available wiper systems.



General Features of Sensors

VisoTurb® and ViSolid® – new sensors for turbidity and suspended solids measurement

With the **VisoTurb® 700 IQ** and **ViSolid® 700 IQ** sensors, WTW presents a family of optical sensors for turbidity and suspended solids measurement. These sensors incorporate a completely new and innovative ultrasound cleaning system that guarantees low maintenance and long-term reliability of the sensors. Turbidity measurements in aqueous media with VisoTurb® are carried out nephelometrically in compliance with EN ISO 7027. Solid matter measurement with ViSolid® is performed according to the principle of scattered light measurement.

Because of the enormously wide measuring ranges of VisoTurb® (0 – 4000 FNU) and ViSolid® (0 – 300 g/l SiO₂), the best resolution for each measured value can be selected using an AutoRange function. Thus, only two sensors are required to cover almost all applications ranging from drinking water to highly concentrated sludge.

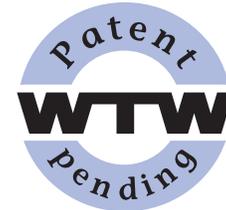
Integrated, wear-free automatic cleaning system

The ultrasound source integrated in the sensor generates high-frequency vibrations of the optical windows in the micrometer range. The maximum vibration amplitudes are at the center of the measurement windows, so that the largest displacement can be found at this location. This prevents accumulation of any kind of contamination from the very start, and thus provides for reliable measurements for continuous operation.

Stubborn calcium deposits are also combated in the initial stages. Once they have accumulated they can no longer be removed with a brush and cleaning agent alone, but require the use of acid.



Sensor without and with ultrasound cleaning system after 30 days



Extremely low maintenance

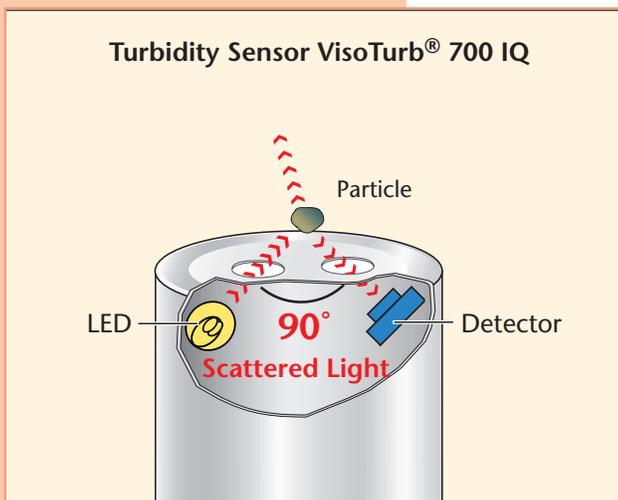
- In contrast to traditional sensors equipped with wipers and jutting corners, the exceptionally smooth sensor surface provides a minimum of surfaces on which deposits may accumulate.
- The continuously active ultrasound system inhibits the deposit of all kinds of contamination from the start.
- Thus, the sensor can be operated in a wide variety of applications over several weeks without maintenance.

Thanks to their robust design and the efficient ultrasound cleaning system, **VisoTurb® 700 IQ** and **ViSolid® 700 IQ** are particularly suitable for applications with extreme conditions, e.g. wastewater treatment plants. They provide the user with a very high degree of measurement accuracy at an exceptionally low maintenance rate.



Turbidity Sensor VisoTurb®

Turbidity Measurement according to the Nephelometric Principle



Using this principle, scattered light is measured at an angle of 90 degree. This method is ideal for low and medium range turbidity up to 4000 FNU. In compliance with EN 27027 and ISO 7027, infra red light with a wavelength of 860 nm is used. This wavelength is outside of the visible range – thus potential coloration of the sample does not effect the measurements.

Technical Data VisoTurb® 700 IQ

Parameter	FNU; NTU; TEF	mg/l SiO ₂ ; ppm SiO ₂	g/l TSS
Measuring range	0 ... 4000 FNU	0 ... 4000 mg/l SiO ₂	0 ... 400 g/l TSS
Typical applications	Drinking water, surface water, waste water plant: effluent, aeration basin ≤3 g / l TSS		
Calibration	Factory calibration with formazine	Factory calibration with SiO ₂	Calibration by user, (TSS regulations in compliance with DIN 38414)
Resolution	Automatic according to measuring range 0.001 ... 1 FNU	0.001 mg/l ... 0.01 g/l	0.001 mg/l ... 0.1 g/l
Cleaning System	Ultrasound cleaning system		
SensCheck	Contamination detection of optical window; failure of cleaning system		
Ambient conditions	Operating temperature: 32 ... 140 °F (0 ... 60 °C); ultrasonic cleaning system: 32 ... 104 °F (0 ... 40 °C) (Overheating protection) Storage temperature: 23 ... 149 °F (-5 ... +65 °C)		
Mechanical components	Measurement window: Sapphire Sensor body: V4A stainless steel 1.4571 Schutzart: IP 68		
Pressure resistance	Maximum 10 bar (incl. sensor connection cable)		
Power consumption	5 W		
Dimensions	14.37 x 1.57 in. (365 x 40 mm) (length x diameter), incl. SACIQ sensor connection cable		
Weight	Approx. 2.18 lb (990 g; without cable)		

Ordering Information VisoTurb® 700 IQ

		Order No.
VisoTurb® 700 IQ	Turbidity sensor for water/wastewater with ultrasound cleaning system	600 010
SACIQ-7,0	Sensor connection cable for all IQ sensors, cable length 7.66 yds (7.0 m)	480 042

For information visit www.WTW.com for a customer care center near you or inside US: call WTW 800 645 5999.

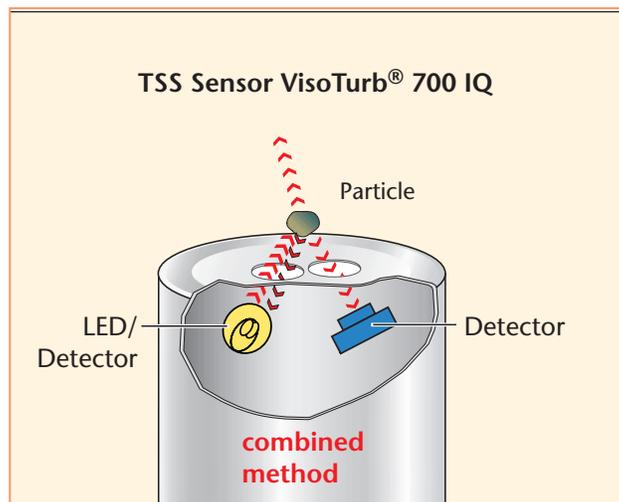
Measurement of Suspended Solids

Suspended Solids Sensor ViSolid®

Measuring Principle of Suspended Solids

With increasing concentration of suspended solids, particles will interfere with each other. With this increasing number, not every particle is reached by the light source or the reflected light is not detected by the receiving device – thus incorrect values are measured. So the 90 degree scattered light method used for the turbidity measurement can only be used for lower concentrations.

For this reason WTW uses two methods of measurement – depending on the concentration. For lower concentrations, a scattered light method is used, in case of higher concentrations, the backscatter method is the better choice.



Technical Data ViSolid® 700 IQ

Parameter	g/l SiO ₂ / % SiO ₂	g/l TSS / % TSS
Measuring range	0 ... 300 g/l SiO ₂ / 0 ... 30 % SiO ₂	0 ... 1000 g/l TSS / 0 ... 100 % TSS
Typical applications	Matrix type 1: aeration basin of waste water plants even with > 3 g / l TSS; return-sludge Matrix type 2: digested sludge	
Calibration	Typical sludge characteristics stored: matrix type 1, matrix type 2 Calibration by user: 1-point or multi-point calibration possible	
Resolution	Automatic according to measuring range 0.01 g/l ... 1 g/l	0.01 g/l ... 1 g/l
Cleaning system	Ultrasound cleaning system	
SensCheck	Contamination detection of optical window; failure of cleaning system	
Ambient conditions	Operating temperature: 32 ... 140 °F (0 ... 60 °C) Storage temperature: 23 ... 149 °F (-5 ... +65 °C)	
Mechanical components	Measurement window: Sapphire Sensor body: V4A stainless steel 1.4571 Schutzart: IP 68	
Pressure resistance	Maximum 10 bar (incl. sensor connection cable)	
Power consumption	2 W	
Dimensions	14.37 x 1.57 in. (365 x 40 mm) (length x diameter), incl. SACIQ sensor connection cable	
Weight	Approx. 2.14 lb (970 g; without cable)	

Ordering Information ViSolid® 700 IQ

		Order No.
ViSolid® 700 IQ	Suspended solids sensor for water/wastewater with ultrasound cleaning system	600 012
SACIQ-7,0	Sensor connection cable for all IQ sensors, cable length 7.66 yds (7.0 m)	480 042



IQ SENSOR NET

The IQ sensors with digital interface enable:

- large distances in-between sensors and between sensors and measuring system
- signal transmission which is immune to interference
- calibration data are stored in the sensor, calibration can be performed in the laboratory

Stackable modules and digital communication of the IQ system allows:

- analog and digital world combinations
- well laid-out graphic display of measured values
- digital transmission, storage and analysis of measured values



U.S. patent granted
(US 6,655,233 B2)

Systems 184 XT and 2020 XT

Choose the system that's right for your application:

	System 184 XT		System 2020 XT	
Max. number of sensors	12		20	
Output signals	ANALOG:	DIGITAL:	ANALOG:	DIGITAL:
	Analog outputs (0/4 - 20 mA), relays	• via RS 232 – PC software terminal and data server function	Analog outputs (0/4 - 20 mA), relays	• via RS 232 – PC software terminal and data server function • RS 232 – modem • RS 485
				• PROFIBUS DP • Modbus RTU
			(digital parallel to analog possible)	
Knowledge of special automation technology required	No		Principally no, in PROFIBUS/Modbus systems yes	
Additional Options				
Additional Displays	Yes		Yes	
Redundant controller	Yes		Yes	
Datalogger	Yes		Yes, enhanced performance	
Modem-capable interface	No		Yes	

System 184 XT

particularly suitable for conventional facilities, in which the user wishes to combine the advantages of digital sensor technology with the simplicity of conventional instrumentation. Signal relaying is generally performed by means of 0/4-20 mA analog outputs and relays.

System 2020 XT

is the system of choice for a large number sensors, for digital interfaces and as futureproof instrumentation, if for example a PROFIBUS control is planned in an upcoming extension phase.

As a PROFIBUS subsystem, System 2020 XT also has considerable advantages over instruments equipped directly with PROFIBUS interface:

- Direct connection to PLC via PROFIBUS DP, but with the ease of use of Profibus PA (2-wire technology, any bus topology, configuration and parameterization per FDT/DTM) and including power supply for sensors with high power demand and cleaning devices
- No specialized personnel required for replacement of sensors or other components
- Sensor calibration in the laboratory and on-site connection of pre-calibrated sensor possible
- For particularly critical applications, parallel installation of analog outputs and relays in addition to digital signal transmission is possible, in order to implement prescribed safety strategies in the case of control system failure.