Optical and electrochemical D.O. sensors. Innovative and reliable solutions!

The right choice of measuring technology for D.O. is of essential importance for the performance of the wastewater plant. WTW offers well proven electrochemical and innovative optical D.O. sensors.

The optical sensor FDO® 700 IQ

FDO® 700 IQ

- No incident flow needed
- Insensitive against bubbles
- Low costs of ownership





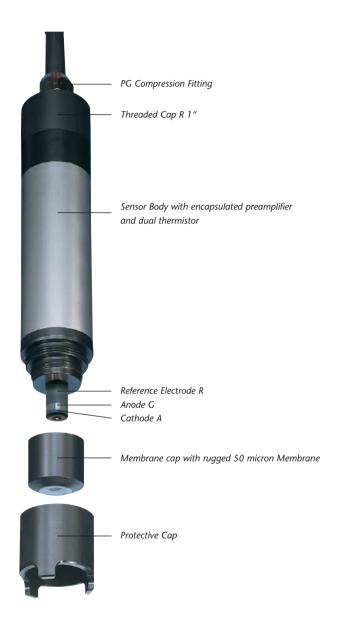
Detailed description of the used FDO® technology is available on pages 10 and 11.

The electrochemical sensors of the TriOxmatic® series

TriOxmatic® Sensors

- Well proven technology
- Low investment costs
- Self-diagnosis system SensReg/ SensLeck through 3-electrode system

Detailed description of the used techniques of the TriOxmatic® on page 12 and 13.



WTW D.O. measuring technology is todays established standard within the water analytics – for both laboratory and online measuring.

FDO®: Fluorescence D.O. Measuring -What exactly does this mean?

The optical principle:

With the optical method a fluorescent dye is stimulated in the membrane of the FDO® 700 IQ by a short wave length lightsource. By falling back into the passive state, long wave light is emitted, which is recorded as a measurement signal. If oxygen contacts the dye by diffusing through the membrane the period of back scattering light is shortened according to the oxygen concentration of the sample. In principle the measurement of the fluorescent signal come back to a highly precise time measurement.

D.O. sensors of the first generation had a handful of technical issues to cope with.

- Sensor drift through watering impact of the membrane
- Wearing of cye layer in the sensor through highly energetic blue light

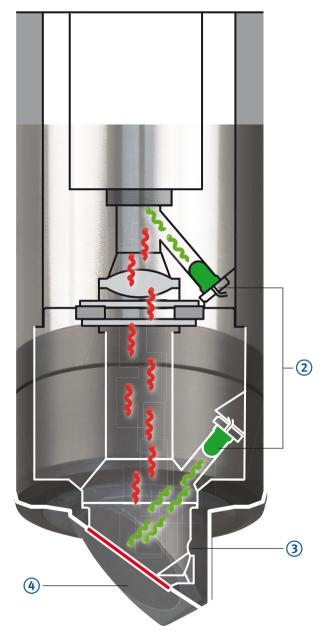
Through consequent development work the difficulties appearing with the first generation sensors could successThe following technologies are used:

1 IQMC Technology

Each cap is individually factory calibrated. The calibration data are permanently stored on a chip which is installed in the membrane cap.







2 EPRS = Equal Path Reference System

Measuring and reference path as well as optical components are identically designed with this sensor.

Natural aging processes of the optical components can therefore be compensated by the reference path and accordingly compensated in the measuring path. This causes a continuous high performance of the sensor.

(3) GLT = Green-light Technolgy

By stimulating the fluorescent reaction in the membrane with low energetic green-light, a bleeching of the fluorescent dye in the sensor membrane is avoided. This leads to a membrane lifetime of min. 2 years.

(4) 45° Technology

The membrane SC-FDO® has a horizontal slope of 45°. A congestion of air bubbles in front of the membrane, as experienced with the first-generation of optical D.O. sensors, is therefore avoided.

C² calibration:

The optical measuring technology is based on a attenuated fluorescent signal in a defined time frame. The D.O. measuring is more or less a highly precision time measurement. In order to process this time measurement as precise as possible, the sensor optics are calibrated to the speed of light. This natural constant "c" is defined as the time that a light beam needs to go from point A to point B – in short: the speed of light.

The sensor is precisely calibrated against a physical constant.

The interaction of these technologies makes the FDO® a non-calibration sensor.

The TriOxmatic® series (ECDO): proved and tested...

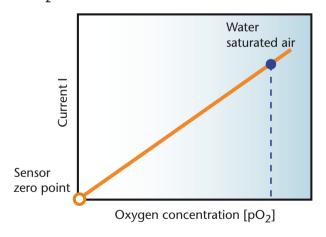
ECDO stands for Electrochemical Dissolved Oxygen Sensor. 60 years ago, Clark's cell was introduced and WTW was among the first manufacturers to advance this principle for water and wastewater applications.

The electrochemical principle

With the electrochemical method the O_2 diffuses through the membrane of the TriOxmatic® sensor. The oxygen is transformed in a chemical reaction by using an electrolyte; thereby a current can be measured. The electrical current correlates to the oxygen concentration. For delivering precise results, the sensor will require the following conditions:

- Flow
- Continuous exchange of electrolytes
- Clean membrane

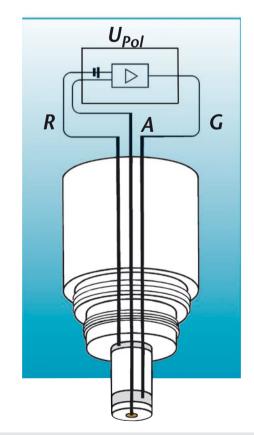
Linear dependancy of current towards the O_2 concentration



Patented Technology - 3 electrode system

In contrast to conventional membrane covered oxygen sensors equipped with 2-electrode technology, the TriOxmatic® sensor functions with a potentiostatically driven 3-electrode system. In terms of measuring technology, this means that the measuring system has two silver electrodes and a gold cathode (A). One silver functions as a non-current bearing reference electrode (R). And, the other is the live, counter electrode (G). The reference electrode thus displays significantly improved potential constancy, which in turn leads to considerably improved sensor signal stability and thus higher measuring accuracy.

The 3-electrode technology additionally allows precise monitoring of the electrolyte supply, i.e. the system displays when the electrolyte solution needs to be replaced.



Self-diagnosis system

All parts being relevant for the measurement, such as membranes are automatically monitored by the SensReg (used electrolyte)/SensLeck (leakage in the membrane) system. Any occurring incidents will be shown.

Maintenance-free due to special membrane

The membrane or the membrane cap plays a decisive role in all DO measuring techniques. Fouling or mud covering of the membrane or of the cap will affect the measurement reading. Unlike conventional membranes the teflon membranes used by WTW are highly resistent to fouling. This allows operation without the use of additional cleaning accessories in most cases.

High accuracy

WTW sensors feature extremely low maximum errors of 1% of the measured value (i.e. 0.02 mg/ml at a measured value of 2 mg/ml), regardless of whether measuring in the upper or in the lower range of the instrument.

Stable readings right from the start

All WTW ECDOs provide stable and reproducible readings right from the start:

- No break-in
- No long-term drift
- No zero point drift due WTW's patented TriOxmatic[®] principle.



With safety experience

WTW's TriOxmatic® has been thoroughly proven in many years of field use: More than 20,000 installations can be found in reliable operation worldwide.

TriOxmatic® and FDO® in comparison

Analog (electrochemical)				
	TriOxmatic® 700/690/701			
Measuring principle	Electrochemical			
Membrane exchange	Yes – exchange of membrane and electrolyte			
Calibration	Yes – rarely			
Drift behavior	Yes			
Sulfide and ionogenic substances	Influence			
Measuring range	Up to 60 mg/l			
Self-diagnosis system	Yes			
Trace sensor	Yes			
Investment costs	Reduced			
Calibration data storage	No			
Signal output	Analog			
Integrated lightning protection	Yes			

TriOxmatic® 700/700 IN

The standard Model TriOxmatic® 700 is a rugged dissolved oxygen sensor with a very durable 50 micron thick hydrophobic membrane, a minimal flow rate of 0.5 cm/sec and a medium response time of less than 180 sec. With these features, this membrane sensor is ideally suited for any D.O measurement in biological purification stages of municipal waste water treatment plants; e.g. control of the oxygenation. The response of the sensor prevents signal disturbances due to rising air bubbles thus eliminating false readings and improved stability. This is specially important for measurements in aeration tanks.

TriOxmatic® 690

This cost-effective D.O. sensor offers the same specifications and features as the Model TriOxmatic® 700, except it does not have the sensor monitoring function. This unit is primarily designed for conventional D.O. measurements, where a continuous membrane check is not needed; e.g. general applications in water quality analysis.

TriOxmatic® 701

Equipped with a special 25 micron thick membrane, the Model TriOxmatic® 701 features an enhanced resolution and a faster response time. This sensor is ideally suited for low level concentration applications; e.g. measurements of residual oxygen in the denitrification of biological sewerage treatment.

Digital (electrochemical/optical)					
TriOxmatic® 700 IQ/701 IQ/702 IQ	FDO® 700 IQ				
Electrochemical	Optical				
Yes – exchange of membrane and electrolyte	Yes – exchange cap – self-recognition of cap via IQMC technology				
Yes – rarely	No				
Yes	No				
Influence	No influence				
Up to 60 mg/l	Up to 20 mg/l				
Yes	No				
Yes	No				
Reduced	Higher				
Yes	Yes (IQMC technology)				
Digital	Digital				
Yes	Yes				

FDO® 700 IQ

Optical working D.O. sensor for the measuring and control of oxygen concentration in the biological cleaning process of wastewater plants, no flow required and H₂S insensitive. Digital sensor for connecting to the IQ Sensor Net.

TriOxmatic® 700 IQ

Universal oxygen sensor for measuring and controlling oxygen input in biological sewage treatment processes in wastewater treatment plants. Membrane, flow rate and response times equivalent to TriOxmatic® 700, however as digital sensor with calibration value memory for connection to IQ Sensor Net.

TriOxmatic® 701 IQ

O₂ sensor with increased resolution and improved response times. Technical specifications equivalent to TriOxmatic® 701, however as digital sensor with calibration value memory for connection to IQ Sensor Net.

TriOxmatic® 702 IQ

Providing similar performance data as the TriOxmatic® 701, the 702 IQ model is specifically designed for trace level measurements in the ppb range. This sensor is ideally suited for use in ultra-pure water applications; e.g. monitoring of boiler feed water or drinking water purification. The applied digital technology permits integrated storage of calibration values and simple connection to IQ Sensor Net.



Dissolved Oxygen Sensors

Type	Ana	loa		Dia	ital		
	TriOxmatic® 690/	TriOxmatic® 701	TriOxmatic® 700 IQ			FDO® 700 IQ (SW*)	
	700 (SW*)/700 IN	Inoxinatic 701	(SW*)	Inoxmatic [®] 701 IQ	Inoxmatic [®] 702 IQ	FDO® 700 IQ (3W")	
Measuring method	Electrochemical	Electrochemical	Electrochemical	Electrochemical	Electrochemical	Optical	
Measuring range (25 °C)	Electrochemical	Electrochemical	Electrochemical	Electrochemical	Electrochemical	Ориса	
O_2 concentration	0.0 60.0 mg/l	0.00 20.00 mg/l	0.0 60.0 mg/l	0.00 20.00 mg/l	0 2000 μg/l	0 20.00 mg/l	
O ₂ concentration	0.0 00.0 mg/1	0.0 60.0 mg/l	0.0 00.0 mg/i	0.0 60.0 mg/l	0.00 10.00 mg/l	(0 20.00 mg/l	
O ₂ saturation	0 600%	0.0 200.0%	0 600%	0.0 200.0 %	0 110%	0 200.0 %	
O ₂ saturation	0 00070	0 600%	0 000 /0	0 600%	0 110 /0	0 200.0 70	
	(depending upon the s	elected monitor model)		0 111 000 70			
Resolution	(aepenang apon the s	creeced monitor modely					
O ₂ concentration	0.1 mg/l	0.01 mg/l	0.1 mg/l	0.01 mg/l	0.001 mg/l	0.01 mg/l	
-2	,	0.1 mg/l		0.1 mg/l	0.01 mg/l	(0.01 ppm)	
O ₂ saturation	1%	0.1 %	1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1 %	
2		1%		1%			
Response time at 25 °C	t ₉₀ : 180 s	t ₉₀ : 30 s	t ₉₀ : 180 s	t ₉₀ : 30 s	t ₉₀ : 30 s	t ₉₀ : < 150 s	
		t ₉₉ : 90 s		t ₉₉ : 90 s	t ₉₉ : 110 s	t ₉₅ : < 200 s	
Minimum flow rate	0.05 m/s	0.23 m/s	0.05 m/s	0.23 m/s	0.3 m/s	No drift required	
SensCheck	SensLeck (700/700 IN)	SensLeck	SensLeck (700 IQ)	SensLeck	-	Monitoring of	
	SensReg (700/700 SW)	SensReg	SensReg (700 IQ/	SensReg	SensReg	membrane function	
			700 IQ SW)				
Signal output	Analog	Analog	Digital	Digital	Digital	Digital	
Sensor memory for	_	_	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
calibration values						(factory calibrated)	
Power consumption	_	_	0.2 Watt	0.2 Watt	0.2 Watt	0.7 Watt	
Temp. measurement		22 °F (-5 °C +50 °C)		140 °F (-5 °C +60) °C)		
Temp. compensation	32 122 °F (0 °C +50 °C)		32 140 °F (0 °C +60 °C)			23 122 °F	
						(-5 °C +50° C)	
Maximum pressure	10 bar		10 bar (incl. sensor connection cable)				
Ambient conditions	Operating temperatu		Operating temperature:			23 122 °F	
	32 122 °F (0 °C +50 °C)		32 140 °F (0 °C +60 °C)			(-5 °C +50 °C)	
	Storage temperature:		Storage temperature:			-13 122 °F	
	32 122 °F (0 °C		32 149 °F (0 °C	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(-25 °C +50 °C)	
Electrical connections	Integrated PU connec		2-wire shield cable w	ith quick fastener to s	ensor		
	fitted 7-pole screw co						
Input power	Powerd by WTW D.C). monitor	Powered by IQ Sensor Net				
Translet voltag	Yes		Yes				
protection	ENI 61226 Class D. 50	C Class A	EN 61326, Class B, FCC Class A; Intended for indispensable operation				
EMI/RFI Conformance	EN 61326 Class B, FC	C CIdSS A		CC Class A; intended	ioi iridisperisable opera	auon	
Certifications Mechanical	CUL, UL	ably locking see: DOM	CE, cETLus			Concor can fination	
Wiechanicai	Membrane head assembly, locking cap: POM		Membrane head assembly, locking cap: POM Sensor body: 316 Ti stainless steel			Sensor cap, fixation: POM, PVC, silicone,	
	Sensor body: 316 Ti stainless steel Protection rating: IP 68		Protection rating: IP 68			PMMA housing shaft	
	Trotection rating. If 00		Troccetion racing. If 50			VA steel 1.4571	
						protection type IP 68	
Dimensions	7.83 x 1.57 in. (199	x 40 mm)	14.17 x 1.57 in. (360 x 40 mm);			15.75 x 1.57 in.	
(length x diameter)	SW: 8.90 x 2.34 in. (226 x 59.5 mm)		SW: 14.17 x 2.34 in. (360 x 59.5 mm)			(400 x 40 mm)	
						SW: 15.75 x 2.34 in	
					(400 x 59.5 mm)		
			incl. connection thread of SACIQ sensor connection cable			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Weight	1.46 lb (660 g);		1.46 lb (660 g, without sensor connection cable);			1.98 lb (900 g)	
(Approx.)	SW: 1.90 lb (860 g)		SW: 2.58 lb (1,170 g) SW: 3.31 lb (1.5 kg)				
(Approx.)			§ 10 AGB 2 years for sensor acc. § 10 AGB				

Ordering Information

ora cring in	<u> </u>	
Dissolved Oxygen Sensors		Order No.
TriOxmatic® 700-7	D.O. sensor for water/wastewater; oxygenation determination; cable length 23 ft. (7.0 m)	201 670
TriOxmatic® 690-7	Same as model 700-7, but without SensCheck function; cable length 23 ft. (7.0 m)	201 690
TriOxmatic® 701-7	D.O. sensor for water/wastewater; oxygenation/residual oxygen determination; cable length 23 ft. (7.0 m)	201 678
TriOxmatic® 700 IN-7	D.O. sensor for highly polluted industrial wastewater; cable length 23 ft. (7.0 m)	201 695
TriOxmatic® 700 IQ	D.O. sensor for water/wastewater; oxygenation determination	201 640
TriOxmatic® 701 IQ	D.O. sensor for water/wastewater; oxygenation/residual oxygen determination	201 644
TriOxmatic® 702 IQ	D.O. sensor, ppb measuring range; ultrapure water/boiler feedwater	201 646
FDO® 700 IQ	Digital calibration-free optical O_2 sensor for water/wastewater, determination of oxygen concentration	201 650
FDO® 700 IQ SW	Digital calibration-free optical O_2 sensor for water/wastewater, determination of oxygen concentration in sea water	201 652
SACIQ-7,0	Sensor connection cable for all IQ sensors, cable length 23 ft. (7.0 m)	480 042





Further cable lengths and special seawater/brackwater designs see brochure "Product Details"

* SW: Sensor in sea water design (with plastic armouring (POM))

			EcoLine	QuadroLine ®	
1. Meas	Measuring range		Oxi 170 Field moitor	Oxi 296 Panel mount	IQ SENSOR NET Systems 182/2020 XT
Analog	TriOxmatic® 690 D.O. sensor for water/wastewater	1.: 0.0 60,.0 mg/l 0 600% 2.: < 180 s 3.: -	Low-cost system withou Water/wastewater Oxygenation	t sensor diagnostic	_
	TriOxmatic® 700 D.O. sensor for water/wastewater	1.: 0.0 60.0 mg/l 0 600% 2.: < 180 s 3.: SensLeck SensReg	Water/wastewaterOxygenation		_
	TriOxmatic® 700 IN D.O. sensor for water/wastewater with permanent polarization	1.: 0.0 60.0 mg/l 0 600% 2.: < 180 s 3.: SensLeck	Industrial wastewaterOxygenation		_
	TriOxmatic® 701 D.O. sensor for water/wastewater	1.: 0.00 20.00 mg/l 0.0 60.0 mg/l 0.0 200.0% 0 600% 2.: < 30 s 3.: SensLeck SensReg	 Water/wastewater Oxygenation Residual D.O. 		_
Digital	TriOxmatic® 700 IQ D.O. sensor for water/wastewater	1.: 0.0 60.0 mg/l 0 600% 2.: < 180 s 3.: SensLeck SensReg	_	_	Water/wastewater Oxygenation Fishfarming Water monitoring
	TriOxmatic® 701 IQ D.O. sensor for water/wastewater	1.: 0.00 20.00 mg/l 0.0 60.0 mg/l 0.0 200.0% 0 600% 2.: < 30 s 3.: SensLeck SensReg	_	_	Water/wastewaterOxygenationResidual D.O.
	TriOxmatic® 702 IQ Trace Level D.O. sensor	1.: 0 2000 μg/l 0.00 10.00 mg/l 0 110% 2.: < 30 s 3.: SensReg	_	_	ppb measuring rangeUltrapure waterBoiler feedwater
	FDO® 700 IQ D.O. sensor for water/wastewater	1.: 0.0 20.0 mg/l 0 200% 2.: < 150 s 3.: –	_	_	Water/wastewater Oxygenation Fishfarming Water monitoring
	FDO® 700 IQ SW D.O. sensor for water/wastewater	1.: 0.0 20.0 mg/l 0 200% 2.: < 150 s 3.: -	_	_	Water/wastewaterOxygenationSeawaterFishfarming

— Not Applicable